

§ 5234. Cooperator organizations**(a) Sense of Congress**

It is the sense of Congress that the foreign market development cooperator program of the Service, and the activities of individual foreign market cooperator organizations, have been among the most successful and cost-effective means to expand United States agricultural exports. Congress affirms its support for the program and the activities of the cooperator organizations. The Administrator and the private sector should work together to ensure that the program, and the activities of cooperator organizations, are expanded in the future.

(b) Commodities for cooperator organizations

The Secretary of Agriculture may make available to cooperator organizations agricultural commodities owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation, for use by such cooperators in projects designed to expand markets for United States agricultural commodities and products.

(c) Relation to funds

Commodities made available to cooperator organizations under this section shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, funds appropriated for market development activities of such cooperator organizations.

(d) Conflicts of interest

The Secretary shall take appropriate action to prevent conflicts of interest among cooperator organizations participating in the cooperator program.

(e) Evaluation

It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary should establish a consistent, objective means for the evaluation of cooperator programs.

(Pub. L. 100-418, title IV, § 4214, Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1394.)

§ 5235. Authorization of additional appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated for the Service, in addition to any sums otherwise authorized to be appropriated by any provision of law other than this section, \$20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1988, 1989, and 1990 for market development activities, including—

- (1) expansion of the agricultural attache service;
- (2) expansion of international trade policy activities of the Service;
- (3) enhancement of the Service worldwide market information system;
- (4) increasing the number of trade shows and exhibitions conducted by the Service and upgrading the quality of United States representation at trade shows and exhibitions; and
- (5) developing markets for value-added beef, pork, and poultry products.

(Pub. L. 100-418, title IV, § 4215, Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1395.)

CHAPTER 84—NATIONAL NUTRITION MONITORING AND RELATED RESEARCH

Sec.
5301. Congressional statement of purposes.

Sec.
5302. Definitions.

SUBCHAPTER I—NUTRITION MONITORING AND RELATED RESEARCH

5311. Establishment of coordinated program.
 (a) In general.
 (b) Implementation responsibility.
 (c) Establishment of Board.
 (d) Administrator.
5312. Functions of Secretaries.
 (a) In general.
 (b) Biennial report.
5313. Development of comprehensive plan for National Nutrition Monitoring and Related Research Program.
 (a) Comprehensive plan.
 (b) Components of plan.
 (c) Additional requirements of plan.
 (d) Publication of plan.
 (e) Prohibition on construing.
5314. Implementation of comprehensive plan.
 (a) In general.
 (b) Existing law not affected.
5315. Scientific research and development in support of coordinated program and comprehensive plan.
5316. Annual budget submission.
 (a) Annual report.
 (b) Existing authority not affected.

SUBCHAPTER II—NATIONAL NUTRITION MONITORING ADVISORY COUNCIL

5331. Structure of Council.
 (a) In general.
 (b) Selection criteria.
 (c) Particular representation requirements.
 (d) Chairperson.
 (e) Term of office.
 (f) Initial appointment.
 (g) Meetings.
 (h) Limitation on Federal employment.
 (i) Executive Secretary.
 (j) Termination.

5332. Functions of Council.

SUBCHAPTER III—DIETARY GUIDANCE

5341. Establishment of dietary guidelines.
 (a) Report.
 (b) Approval by Secretaries.
 (c) Existing authority not affected.
5342. Nutrition training report.

§ 5301. Congressional statement of purposes

The purposes of this chapter are to—

(1) make more effective use of Federal and State expenditures for nutrition monitoring, and enhance the performance and benefits of current Federal nutrition monitoring and related research activities;

(2) establish and facilitate the timely implementation of a coordinated National Nutrition Monitoring and Related Research Program, and thereby provide a scientific basis for the maintenance and improvement of the nutritional status of the people of the United States and the nutritional quality (including, but not limited to, nutritive and nonnutritive content) of food consumed in the United States;

(3) establish and implement a comprehensive plan for the National Nutrition Monitoring and Related Research Program to assess, on a continuing basis, the dietary and nutritional status of the people of the United States and the trends with respect to such status, the